ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Montague County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Montague County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montague County, Texas as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note A.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note A of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note A, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial
 statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Texas County and District Retirement System schedules, and the combining statements and budget comparisons on pages 4–13, 39, 40–42, and 43-73 respectively, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued under separate cover our report dated March 10, 2025, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Edgis, Prontons, Floring Floring, Pc

EDGIN, PARKMAN, FLEMING & FLEMING, PC

Wichita Falls, Texas March 10, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Montague County, Texas, we offer readers of the County's Annual Financial Report this narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's assets exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2024 by \$38,200,659 (net position). Of this amount, \$19,169,589 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's obligations.
- ➤ During the year, the County's total net position increased by \$2,620,770. The County's expenses, which totaled \$17,095,450, were less than the County's program revenues of \$5,155,917 and general revenues of \$14,560,303.
- ➤ The total cost of the County's programs increased \$724,022 or 4% from the prior year.
- ➤ The governmental funds reported a fund balance at September 30, 2024 of \$23,747,648, which is an increase of \$2,837,558 in comparison with the prior year amount.
- ➤ At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,063,544, or 87% of the total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

All of the County's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements, including administration, judicial, public transportation, and public safety. Property taxes, highway taxes, fees and commissions and intergovernmental grants finance most of the activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported here.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the County's assets and liabilities on the modified cash basis, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities details how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. On the modified cash basis, all changes in net position are reported on the cash basis except for capital assets and long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

The County uses fund accounting to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant *funds* — not the County as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and or bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the County to control and manage money for particular purposes or to evidence appropriate use of certain taxes, grants, and other special revenues.

All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus on *governmental funds* is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's short-term financing decisions. Reconciliations are provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. These reconciliations facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintained multiple governmental funds during the year. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund and the Fiscal Recovery Funds, which are considered to be the County's major funds. Financial data for the nonmajor funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs. The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All the County's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The County has elected to present its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than GAAP. The basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. Under the County's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions, except for the recording of depreciation expense on the capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and recording non-cash capital assets and debt issuances.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenues for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Exhibited below in Table 1 are the County's net position summarized for the *governmental activities*.

Table 1 - County's Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	2024	2023	\$ Change	% Change			
Current and other assets	\$ 23,747,648	\$ 20,910,090	\$ 2,837,558	14%			
Capital assets, net	14,984,634	15,543,754	(559,120)	-4%			
Total Assets	38,732,282	36,453,844	2,278,438	6%			
Current liabilities	-	-	-	N/A			
Noncurrent liabilities	531,523	873,955	(342,432)	-39%			
Total Liabilities	531,523	873,955	(342,432)	-39%			
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	14,453,011	14,669,799	(216,788)	-1%			
Restricted	4,578,059	4,748,138	(170,079)	-4%			
Unrestricted	19,169,58 9	16,161,952	3,007,637	19%			
Total Net Position	\$ 38,200,659	\$ 35,579,889	\$ 2,620,770	7%			

Net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture, and equipment less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding) is \$14,453,011. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the County's net position, \$4,578,059, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position of \$19,169,589 may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

Changes in Net Position

The County's total revenues, both program and general, were \$19,716,220. A significant portion, 65%, of the County's revenue comes from property taxes. Charges for services accounted for 15% of the County's revenue while operating grants and contributions represented 10%. Exhibited below in Table 2 are the County's revenues for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 for the County's governmental activities.

Table 2 - County's Revenues

	Governmental Activities				
		2024	Percent	2023	Percent
Charges for services	\$	2,999,832	15%	\$ 3,088,792	16%
Operating grants and contributions		2,008,844	10%	1,492,327	8%
Capital grants and contributions		147,241	1%	1,374,885	7%
Property taxes		12,857,614	65%	12,005,642	64%
License and permits		17,590	0%	16,425	0%
Investment earnings		1, 281,774	7%	553,429	3%
Miscellaneous		403,325	2%	313,741	2%
Total Revenues	\$	19,716,220	100%	\$ 18,845,241	100%

Exhibited below in Table 3 are the County's expenses for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 for the County's *governmental activities*. The total cost of all programs and services was \$17,095,450.

Table 3 - County's Expenses

	Governmental Activities					
		2024	Percent		2023	Percent
General government	\$	3,579,089	21%	\$	3,638,093	22%
Justice system		2,602,105	15%		2,376,910	15%
Public safety		1,963,960	11%		1,539,546	9%
Corrections and rehabilitation		3,268,581	19%		2,809,087	17%
Health and human services		441,961	3%		420,753	3%
Community and economic development		71	0%		4,072	0%
Infrastructure and environmental services		4,795,886	28%		4,838,535	29%
Fiscal recovery		443,797	3%		740,818	5%
Interest on bonded debt			0%		3,614	0%
Total Expenses	\$	17,095,450	100%	\$	16,371,428	100%

Governmental Activities

Table 4 presents the various revenue categories and gross costs of each of the County's functional areas for both the current and prior year. Following the table, we provide explanations for the significant or unusual fluctuations between the two years.

Table 4 - Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2024	2023	\$ Change	% Change	
Revenues:				-	
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 2,999,832	\$ 3,088,792	\$ (88,960)	-3%	
Operating grants and contributions	2,008,844	1,492,327	516,517	35%	
Capital grants and contributions	147,241	1,374,885	(1,227,644)	-89%	
General revenues:			•		
Property taxes	12,857,614	12,005,642	851,972	7%	
Licenses and permits	17,590	16,425	1,165	7%	
Investment earnings	1,281,774	553,429	728,345	132%	
Miscellaneous	403,325	313,741	89,584	29%	
Total revenues	19,716,220	18,845,241	870,979	5%	
Expenses					
General government	3,579,089	3,638,093	(59,004)	-2%	
Justice system	2,602,105	2,376,910	225,195	9%	
Public safety	1,963,960	1,539,546	424,414	28%	
Corrections and rehabilitation	3,268,581	2,809,087	459,494	16%	
Health and human services	441,961	420,753	21,208	5%	
Community and economic development	71	4,072	(4,001)	-98%	
Infrastructure and environmental services	4,795,886	4,838,535	(42,649)	-1%	
Fiscal recovery	443,797	740,818	(297,021)	-40%	
Interest on bonded debt		3,614	(3,614)	-100%	
Total expenses	17,095,450	16,371,428	724,022	4%	
Change in net position	\$ 2,620,770	\$ 2,473,813	\$ 146,957	6%	

Significant fluctuations between years were as follows:

- Operating grants and contributions increased \$516,517, or 35%, due to an increase in probation grant funding and new senate bill 22 grant funding less decreases in Federal Emergency Management Agency grant funding, prisoner housing revenue and Texas Department of Transportation grant funding.
- ➤ Capital grants and contributions decreased \$1,227,644, or 89%, due to Texas Department of Transportation infrastructure projects in the prior year and none in the current year.
- Property taxes increased \$851,972, or 7%, due to an increase in taxable values.
- > Investment earnings increased \$728,345, or 132%, due to rising interest rates and additional funds in the current year.
- ➤ Public safety expenses increased \$424,414, or 28%, due to new senate bill 22 and a general increase in wages, benefits and operating costs.
- > Corrections and rehabilitations expenses increased \$459,494 or 16%, mostly due to a general increase in jail and probation department costs.

➤ Fiscal recovery expenses decreased \$297,021 or 40%, due to a greater percentage of ARPA grant funds spent on capital assets in the current year.

Table 5 presents the net cost of the County's governmental functions (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by local tax dollars and other miscellaneous general revenues.

Table 5 - Net Cost of County Functions

	Governmental Activities				
	2024	Percent	2023	Percent	
General government	\$ 1,658,83	4 14%	\$ 1,688,474	16%	
Justice system	1,764,48	6 15%	1,924,762	18%	
Public safety	1,159,30	9 10%	1,463,719	14%	
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,765,97	0 15%	1,376,454	13%	
Infrastructure and environmental services	4,705,10	5 39%	2,792,758	28%	
Other	885,82	9 7%	1,169,257	11%	
Total Net Costs	\$ 11,939,53	3 100%	\$ 10,415,424	100%	

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As previously stated, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2024, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$23,747,648, an increase of \$2,837,558 from the previous year. Table 6 illustrates the fund balances of the governmental funds.

Table 6 - Governmental Funds - Fund Balances September 30, 2024

	General Fund	Fiscal Recovery Funds	Nonmajor Funds	Totals
Restricted for:				
Records management/preservation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,284,833	\$ 1,284,833
Public safety	-	-	549,914	549,914
Justice system	-	-	889,456	889,456
Corrections and rehabilitation	-	-	574,519	574,519
Fiscal recovery	-	1,121,069	-	1,121,069
Debt service	-	-	37,086	37,086
Other	-	-	121,182	121,182
Committed for:				
Indigent health care	2,641,662	-	-	2,641,662
Infrastructure and environmental services	3,720,823	-	-	3,720,823
Assigned for deficit budget for 2024-25	743,560	-	-	743,560
Unassigned	12,063,544		•	12,063,544
Total Fund Balances	\$19,169,589	\$1,121,069	\$ 3,456,990	\$23,747,648

General Fund

At the end of the current fiscal year, the ending fund balance for the General Fund was \$19,169,589, of which \$6,362,485 was committed, \$743,560 was assigned and \$12,063,544 was unassigned. The total unassigned fund balance represents 87% of the total General Fund expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2024. The fund balance increased \$3,007,637 in the current fiscal year.

General Fund revenues totaled \$16,909,055, an increase of \$1,280,937, or 8%, over the preceding year. The only revenue categories with significant changes between years were intergovernmental which decreased \$500,237 and interest income which increased \$704,333. The decrease of intergovernmental revenues was due to decreases in prisoner housing revenue and Texas Department of Transportation grant funding. Interest income increased due to rising interest rates and increased funds between years.

General Fund expenditures totaled \$13,926,872, an increase of \$669,522, or 5%, over the preceding year. The most significant changes between years were in the following functional areas:

> Corrections and rehabilitation expenditures increased \$383,534 or 24%, mostly due to a general increase in jail and probation department costs.

General Fund other sources and uses netted to other sources of \$25,454 in the current year compared to other uses of \$87,622 in the preceding year. The change is mostly due to an increase of \$141,047 in proceeds from the sale of capital assets in the current year.

Fiscal Recovery Fund

The County was awarded American Rescue Plan fiscal recovery funds from the federal COVID-19 economic relief grants in fiscal years 2021 and 2022. The County expended \$1,368,013 on various improvements and equipment in fiscal year 2023 and \$980,832 in fiscal year 2024 leaving a fund balance of \$1,121,069 at September 30, 2024.

Nonmajor Funds

Nonmajor funds consist of the various non-major special revenue and debt service funds. The total ending fund balance for the non-major special revenue and debt service funds combined was \$3,456,990, an increase of \$810,753 from the previous year. All of the fund balance at September 30, 2024 is restricted as shown in Table 6.

Nonmajor funds' revenues totaled \$2,659,920, an increase of \$825,576, or 45%, over the preceding year. The individual revenues with significant changes were intergovernmental revenues which increased \$976,562 and other revenues which decreased \$129,120. The increase in intergovernmental revenue was mostly due to new senate bill 22 grant funding, recording capital credits in intergovernmental revenue instead of other revenue in the prior year less decreases in Federal Emergency Management Agency grant funding. The decrease in other revenues is mostly due to recording capital credits in in other revenues in the current year instead of intergovernmental revenue in the prior year.

Nonmajor funds' expenditures totaled \$1,972,800, an increase of \$111,540, or 6%, over the preceding year. The most significant changes between years were in the following functional areas:

- ➤ General government expenditures decreased \$51,524, or 17%, due to LATCF funds expended in the prior year.
- Public safety expenditures increased \$293,402, or 5,874%, due to new senate bill 22 grant funding sheriff funding in the current year.
- > Corrections and rehabilitations expenditures increased \$145,139, or 13%, mostly due to rising costs of the probation departments in the current year.
- ➤ Debt service principal expenditures decreased \$295,000, or 100%, because the final bond payments were made in the prior year.

Nonmajor funds' other sources and uses netted to other sources of \$123,633 in the current year compared to other sources of \$95,662 in the preceding year. The change is mostly due to an increase of \$27,971 in transfers from the general fund in the current year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the County revised its budget several times. With these adjustments, revenues were \$1,857,128 above the final budgeted amount. Most revenues fell within normal variance above and below budgeted levels except for intergovernmental revenues and interest income. Intergovernmental revenues were above the budgeted amount by \$313,335 mostly due to the County not amending the budget for less grant funding and inmate housing revenue than budgeted. Interest income was above the budgeted amount by \$1,195,346 because the interest income increased more than the County increased the budget.

Relative to actual expenditures, they were \$2,751,859 below final budget amounts. All functional areas were well below their budget due to conservative budgeting.

As noted above, the original budget was amended throughout the year. However, the budget line items in the original budget were not materially different than in the final adopted budget except for infrastructure and environmental services expenditures and proceeds from the sale of capital assets. Infrastructure and environmental services increased \$282,876 for potential year-end costs that never occurred. Proceeds from the sale of capital assets increased \$191,999 for assets sold during the year not in the original budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2024, the County had invested in a broad range of capital assets totaling \$14,984,634, net of accumulated depreciation, including land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, SBITAs, and construction in progress. See Table 7.

Table 7 - Capital Assets, Net

	2024	2023	\$ Change	% Change
Land	\$ 420,047	\$ 420,047	\$ -	0%
Buildings and improvements	3,002,275	3,065,028	(62,753)	-2%
Machinery and equipment	5,091,251	4,871,256	219,995	5%
Infrastructure	6,193,028	6,753,443	(560,415)	-8%
SBITAs	228,733	•	228,733	NA
Construction in progress	49,300	_ 433,980	(384,680)	-89%
Totals	\$14,984,634	\$15,543,754	\$ (559,120)	-4%

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$559,120 from the previous year. The decrease relates to the current year depreciation expense of \$1,778,846 and net value of disposed assets of \$16,863 less current year additions of \$1,236,589. Additional information about the County's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Obligations

At September 30, 2024, the County had \$531,623 in long-term obligations outstanding as shown in Table 8.

Table 8 - Long-term Debt

	2024		2023		Change	% Change
Notes payable	\$ 515,851	\$	843,162	\$	(327,311)	-39%
SBITA payable	 15,772		30,793		(15,021)	-49%
Totals	\$ 531,623	\$	873,955	\$	(342,332)	-39%

During the year, the County issued no additional debt, but repaid \$342,332 in existing debt. Additional information about the County's long-term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The appraised value used for the 2024-25 budget preparation was \$2,263,290,594, a decrease of \$377,018,143, or 14%, from the prior year actual appraised value. Additionally, the M&O tax rate for 2024-25 is \$.4961 per \$100 valuation which is a 1% decrease from \$.5017 per \$100 used in 2023-24.

Revenues budgeted in the General Fund's budget for 2024-25 are \$15,561,626, a decrease of \$1,347,429, or 8%, from the final 2023-24 revenues of \$16,909,055.

Expenditures budgeted in the General Funds' budget for 2024-25 are \$17,365,746, an increase of \$3,438,874 or 25% from the 2023-24 expenditures of \$13,926,872. The increase is due to budgeting for increases in most categories including payroll and benefits and most vendors as well as a large capital outlays and contingency for unknowns.

If these estimates are realized, the County's General Fund's fund balance is expected to decrease by \$1,804,119 by September 30, 2025. However, only \$743,560 was set aside as assigned fund balance at September 30, 2024 since restricted fund balance amounts will be used for the other \$1,060,559 deficit.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Auditor's Office.



MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

	Governmental
ASSETS	
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 23,747,648
Capital assets not being depreciated	469,347
Capital assets being depreciated, net	14,515,287
Total assets	38,732,282
LIABILITIES	
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	248,330
Due in more than one year	283,293
Total liabilities	531,623
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	14,453,011
Restricted for:	, ,
Records management/preservation	1,284,833
Public safety	549,914
Justice system	889,456
Corrections and rehabilitation	574,519
Fiscal recovery	1,121,069
Debt service	37,086
Other	121,182
Unrestricted	19,169,589
Total net position	\$ 38,200,659

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

			Net (Expense)		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Primary Government:					_
General government	\$ 3,579,089	\$ 1,836,713	\$ 83,542	\$ -	\$ (1,658,834)
Justice system	2,602,105	371,492	466,127	-	(1,764,486)
Public safety	1,963,960	95,353	562,057	147,241	(1,159,309)
Corrections and rehabilitation	3,268,581	696,274	806,337	•	(1,765,970)
Health and human services	441,961	-	-	•	(441,961)
Community and economic development	71	-	-	-	(71)
Infrastructure and environmental services	4,795,886	-	90,781	-	(4,705,105)
Fiscal recovery	443,797			-	(443,797)
Total governmental activities	\$ 17,095,450	\$ 2,999,832	\$ 2,008,844	\$ 147,241	(11,939,533)
	General revenues	s:			
	Property taxes,	levied for genera	l purposes		12,857,431
	Property taxes,	levied for debt se	rvice		183
	License and pe	ermits			17,590
	Investment ear	nings			1,281,774
	Other	· ·			403,325
	Total gene	eral revenues			14,560,303
	Change in net po	sition			2,620,770
	Net position - beg	inning			35,579,889
	Net position - end	ling			\$ 38,200,659

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	General Fund	Fiscal Recovery Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	A. 40 460 500	f 4 404 000	* 2.450.000	e 00.747.640
Cash on hand and in bank Total assets	\$ 19,169,589	\$ 1,121,069 \$ 1,121,069	\$ 3,456,990	\$ 23,747,648 \$ 23,747,648
i otal assets	\$ 19,169,589	\$ 1,121,069	\$ 3,456,990	\$ 23,747,648
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
None	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>
Fund balances:				
Restricted for:				
Records management/preservation	-	-	1,284,833	1,284,833
Public safety	-	-	549,914	549,914
Justice system	•	-	889,456	889,456
Corrections and rehabilitation	-	-	574,519	574,519
Fiscal recovery	•	1,121,069	-	1,121,069
Debt service	-	-	37,086	37,086
Other	•	-	121,182	121,182
Committed for:				
Indigent health care	2,641,662	•	-	2,641,662
Infrastructure and environmental services	3,720,823	•	-	3,720,823
Assigned for:				
Deficit budget for 2024-25	743,560	-	•	743,560
Unassigned	12,063,544	-	- .	12,063,544
Total fund balances	19,169,589	1,121,069	3,456,990	23,747,648
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 19,169,589	\$ 1,121,069	\$ 3,456,990	\$ 23,747,648

\$ 38,200,659

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Total net position - governmental activities (Exhibit A-1)

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit A-3)			\$	23,747,648
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds. Capital assets at year-end consist of:				
Gross capital assets	\$	34,391,381		
Related accumulated depreciation	_	19,406,747		14,984,634
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist				
Notes payable		515,851		
SBITA payable	_	15,772	_	(531,623)

EXHIBIT A-5

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	General	Fiscal Recovery	Nonmajor	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	<u>Funds</u>	Funds
REVENUES		_	_	
Property taxes	\$ 12,857,431	s -	\$ 183	\$ 12,857,614
Registrations, fines and fees	1,480,100	-	597,671	2,077,771
Public service fees	185,727	•		185,727
Intergovernmental	868,302	-	1,959,473	2,827,775
Interest income	1,203,146	-	78,628	1,281,774
Other	314,349		23,965	338,314
Total revenues	16,909,055		2,659,920	19,568,975
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	3,296,190	•	248,276	3,544,466
Justice system	2,387,448	-	180,277	2,567,725
Public safety	1,814,009	•	298,397	2,112,406
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,994,428	-	1,244,950	3,239,378
Health and human services	441,061	-	900	441,961
Infrastructure and environmental services	3,993,736	-	-	3,993,736
Fiscal recovery expenditures	-	980,832	-	980,832
Total expenditures	13,926,872	980,832	1,972,800	16,880,504
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	2,982,183	(980,832)	687,120	2,688,471
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	149,087	•		149,087
Transfers in	66,832	_	337.487	404,319
Transfers out	(190,465)	_	(213,854)	(404,319)
Total other financing sources (uses)	25,454		123,633	149,087
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	3,007,637	(980,832)	810,753	2,837,558
Fund balances - beginning of year	16,161,952	2,101,901	2,646,237	20,910,090
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 19,169,589	\$ 1,121,069	\$ 3,456,990	\$ 23,747,648

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit A-5)

\$ 2,837,558

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit A-2) are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The net difference between the two is as follows:

Capital outlay during the year \$ 1,236,589

Depreciation expense for the year 1,778,846 (542,257)

Proceeds from the sale of capital assets are recorded as revenues when received in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, the difference between the proceeds and the book value of the capital asset is reported as a gain (loss) from sale. The net book value of the capital assets disposed was:

(16,863)

342,332

Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. The long-term debt principal paid during the year was as follows:

Notes payable 327,311 SBITA payable 15,021

\$ 2,620,770

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A-2)

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -**MODIFIED CASH BASIS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

	Custodiai Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 1,233,676
Total assets	1,233,676
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	-
Total liabilities	
NET POSITION	
Restricted for other purposes	1,233,676
Total net position	\$ 1,233,676

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -**MODIFIED CASH BASIS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS		00
Sheriff department	\$	217,257
Coke fund		1,316
County tax A/C		21,754,903
County clerk		143,020
District clerk		605,652
County attorney		4,323
Probation departments		166,534
JP #1		27,810
JP #2		40,372
Pending forfeitures		19,760
State fees		116,807
TOTAL ADDITIONS	-	23,097,754
DEDUCTIONS		
Sheriff department		221,136
Coke fund		1,150
County tax A/C		21,808,215
County clerk		134,075
District clerk		787,552
County attorney		4,323
Probation departments		170,877
JP#1		25,230
JP #2		35,204
Pending forfeitures		5,686
State fees		115,190
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		23,308,638
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(210,884)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		1,444,560
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	1,233,676

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Reporting Entity

Montague County, Texas (County), a political subdivision of the State of Texas is governed by an elected judge and four county commissioners which comprise the Commissions' Court. The County's operational activities include general administrative services, judicial, public safety, the construction and maintenance of roads, health and welfare assistance, permanent records preservation, and conservation.

The accounting policies of the County conform to the modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), which include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the County's basic financial statements.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement Nos. 39 and 61, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the County (the "primary government") is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the County's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the County.

There are no component units which satisfy requirements for blending or discrete presentation within the County's financial statements. Accordingly, the basic financial statements present the County only.

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effects of interfund activity have been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

3. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Modified Cash Basis of Accounting

a. Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements — The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about reporting the government as a whole. They report all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The County does not have any business-type activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – The fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria:

Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category, and

Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Fiscal Recovery Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for proceeds from the federal American Rescue Plan grant that are restricted for fiscal recovery costs related to effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds reported as 'Nonmajor Funds':

The Special Revenue Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the government as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, and/or other custodial funds.

b. Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are presented using economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is utilized. Only current financial assets and liabilities on the modified cash basis of accounting are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

c. Basis of Accounting

The County's fund financial statements are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures when they result from cash transactions. The government-wide financial statements are also reported on the modified cash basis of accounting with the inclusion of the capital assets and long-term debt along with a provision for depreciation. The basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenditures/expenses (such as accounts payable and expenditures/expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the County utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fiduciary funds would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Other Guidance

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, miscellaneous revenue, and interest income.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (5) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor, or secured by obligations that are described above; or (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described by (1), pledged with third party selected or approved by the County, and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Investments maturing within one year of date of purchase are stated at cost or amortized cost, all other investments are stated at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

b. Activity Between Funds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

c. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on October 1 by the County based on the January 1 property values as appraised by the Montague County Appraisal District. Taxes are due without penalty until January 31 of the next calendar year. After January 31 the County has an enforceable lien with respect to both real and personal property. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a perpetual lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. Taxes applicable to personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the County.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years, except for technology related items that are expended when purchased regardless of the unit cost. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received.

The most significant infrastructure assets capitalized includes paved roads and bridges. The County has elected to capitalize infrastructure occurring subsequent to January 1, 2002 as recommended by GASB 34.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset, or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements 5 - 40 years
Machinery and Equipment 3 - 35 years
Infrastructure 20 years
SBITAs 3 years

6. Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreements (SBITAs)

The District has a noncancellable contract with a SBITA vendor for the right to use information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets). The District recognizes a subscription liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset), reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

At the commencement of a SBITA, the District initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for SBITA payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial implementation costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

The District uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITAs.

The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA.

Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability is composed of fixed payments and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITAs and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

7. Compensated Absences

Employees accumulate earned but unused vacation and compensatory time. No liability is reported for these amounts in the governmental funds or government-wide statements since they are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting.

8. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance – represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Committed Fund Balance – represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the County's Commissioners' Court. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which the County intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the General Fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the County itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance – represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Nonmajor funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

B. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

The County had no violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions for the year ended September 30, 2024.

2. Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds

As of September 30, 2024, the County had two special revenue funds with a deficit fund balance. State Juvenile Probation and Commitment Diversion funds had deficit fund balances of \$13,013 and \$16,900, respectively.

C. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Cash

At year end, the carrying amount of the County's cash on hand and deposits was \$23,747,648, excluding fiduciary balances. All of the bank balance was covered by federal deposit insurance or collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the County's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

2. Investments

The County is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written; primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; address investment diversification, yield, maturity and the quality and capability of investment management; include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested; and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the County adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the County were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the County. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds.

At September 30, 2024, the County had investments as follows:

Money market savings accounts, reported as cash TexPool, reported as cash	Fair <u>Value</u> \$ 7,859,579 16,011.605	Weighted Maturity <u>Months</u> 1
Total	\$23,871,184	

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the County was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the County was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the County's name. At year end, the County was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the County was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the County was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

4. Investment Accounting Policy

The County's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

5. Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas (Pools) are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The County participates in the TexPool investment pool. TexPool is a local government investment pool organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, which is authorized to operate TexPool. Pursuant to the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company. As required by the Act, the Advisory Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool. TexPool is comprised of two investment alternatives: TexPool (which the County is invested in) and TexPool Prime. Both funds seek to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per unit and are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

D. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the prior year. Taxes are levied on October 1 and do not begin to accrue interest until February 1. The County is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of the State of Texas to levy taxes (exclusive of those amounts levied to service long-term debt) up to \$.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general services, permanent improvements, road and bridge and jury fund purposes. The combined tax rate to finance general government (exclusive of long-term debt service) for the year ended September 30, 2024, was \$.5017 per \$100 valuation.

There were no taxes levied for the payment of principal and interest related to long-term debt the year ended September 30, 2024. An additional ad valorem tax may be levied and collected for further maintenance of public roads, provided that a majority of the qualified property taxpaying voters shall vote such tax, not to exceed fifteen cents (.15) per \$100 valuation. Montague County did not have such a tax for 2024. The total tax rate for Montague County for fiscal year 2024 was \$.5017.

E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 10/1/23	Increases	Decreases	Balance 9/30/24
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 420,047	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 420,047
Construction in progress	433,980	544,535	929,215	49,300
Total capital assets not being depreciated	854,027	544,535	929,215	469,347
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	10,104,608	97,231	-	10,201,839
Machinery and equipment	11,255,766	1,180,939	743,446	11,693,259
Infrastructure	11,683,837	-	-	11,683,837
SBITAs		343,099		343,099
Total capital assets being depreciated	33,044,211	1,621,269	743,446	33,922,034
Less accumulated depreciation for:				-
Buildings and improvements	7,039,580	159,984	•	7,199,564
Machinery and equipment	6,384,510	944,081	726,583	6,602,008
Infrastructure	4,930,394	560,415	-	5,490,809
SBITAs		114,366		114,366
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>18,354,484</u>	1,778,846	<u>726,583</u>	19,406,747
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	14,689,727	(<u>157,577</u>)	16,863	14,515,287
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$15,543,754	<u>\$ 386,958</u>	\$946,078	\$14,984,634

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 109,082
Justice	114,651
Public safety	167,389
Corrections and rehabilitation	80,525
Community and economic development	71
Infrastructure and environmental services	<u>1,307,128</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Total governmental depreciation

\$1.778.846

F. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

There were no balances due to and from other funds at September 30, 2024.

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2024 were as follows:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount	Reason
General Fund	General Fund	\$ 66,832	Supplement other resources
General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	123,633	Supplement other resources
Nonmajor Funds	Nonmajor Funds	<u>213,854</u>	Supplement other resources
	Total	\$404,319	

G. LONG-TERM DEBT

The County issues notes payable and subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) payables to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities, and to purchase equipment and software. These issues are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

1. Total Long-Term Debt

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2024 were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance _10/1/2023	Additions	Retirements	Balance 9/30/2024	Due Within One Year
Notes payable SBITA payable	\$843,162 	\$ - 	\$327,311 15,021	\$515,851 <u>15,772</u>	\$232,558 15,772
Total long-term liabilities – governmental activities	<u>\$873,955</u>	<u>s - </u>	<u>\$342,332</u>	\$531,623	<u>\$248,330</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending		t	
September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2025	\$248,330	\$18,774	\$267,104
2026	240,159	10,385	250,544
2027	20,954	2,523	23,477
2028	22,180	<u>1,297</u>	23,477
Totals	\$531,62 <u>3</u>	\$32,979	\$694,771

2. Notes Payable

Notes payable outstanding at September 30, 2024 were as follows:

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Original Amount	Date of Issuance	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Balance 9/30/2024
General Capital Corporation, CAT 140 Motor Grader	\$126,787	3/9/2020	3/9/2026	3.30%	\$ 45,030
General Capital Corporation, John Deere 670G Motor Grader	460,000	5/4/2020	5/4/2026	3.11%	162,835
General Capital Corporation, CAT 140 Motor Grader	130,432	8/24/2020	8/24/2026	3.09%	46,152
General Capital Corporation, 2 Komatsu Motor Graders	238,836	12/4/2020	12/4/2025	2.96%	99,734
First National Bank Leasing, 2022 Mack Truck	81,634	5/21/2024	5/21/2028	5.85%	81,634
First National Bank Leasing, 2021 Komatsu Motor Grader	264,630	9/27/2021	9/15/2026	2.50%	39,226
General Capital Corporation, 2019 Drum Roller	80,000	1/25/2022	1/25/2026	3.15%	41,240
Total					<u>\$515.851</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	<u></u>	Notes Payable			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2025	\$232,558	\$17,986	\$250,544		
2026	240,159	10,385	250,544		
2027	20,954	2,523	23,477		
2028	22,180	1,297	23,477		
Totals	<u>\$515,851</u>	<u>\$32,191</u>	\$548,042		

3. SBITA Payable

The County entered into a subscription agreement for the District Court's Tyler Technologies software in June 2022. The contract is to be paid in equal annual installments of \$16,560, with an imputed interest rate of 5% and a term of three years.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	SBITA Payable		
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	<u>\$15,772</u>	<u>\$788</u>	<u>\$16,560</u>
Totals	<u>\$15,772</u>	<u>\$788</u>	\$16,560

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

H. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various nature. The County participates in the Texas Association of Counties Intergovernmental Risk Pool (Pool) which provides protection for risks of loss. Premiums are paid to the Pool which retains the risk of loss beyond the County's policy deductibles. Any losses reported but unsettled or incurred and not reported, are believed to be insignificant to the County's basic financial statements. For the last three years, there have been no significant reductions of insurance coverage or insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage.

I. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Federal and State Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

In the normal course of providing services to the public, the County from time-to-time is subjected to litigation claims. The County defends itself against such claims based on internal assessment of liability and risk. Litigation expenses and related damages are recorded as expenditures in the period payments are made. At September 30, 2024, there is no reportable litigation pending against the County.

Trust Funds

The District Clerk has invested trust funds at various financial institutions in accordance with court orders. The County has a fiduciary responsibility over these funds until their final disposition.

Construction and Contract Commitments

The County has one construction and contract commitment for a wastewater treatment plan at September 30, 2024. The remaining commitment is \$454,915 and is being funded by the Fiscal Recovery Fund.

J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

1. Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of over 800 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis that is publicly available at www.tcdrs.org.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 5 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

2. Benefits Provided

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the County-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the County-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	108
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	113
Active employees	118

3. Contributions

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The County's actuarially determined contribution rate was 11.04% for the months of the accounting year in 2023, and 10.39% for the months of the accounting year in 2024. However, the County paid 14.24% in both years. Additionally, the County paid a lump sum payment of \$175,000 during the year ended September 30, 2024.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2023 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the Commissioners' Court of the County. The employee contribution rate and the County contribution rate may be changed by the Commissioners' Court of the County within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

4. Net Pension Asset

The County's Net Pension Asset (NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions were developed from an actuarial experience investigation of TCDRS over 2017-2020. They were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in March of 2021. These assumptions, except where required to be different by GASB 68, are used to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

Real rate of return 5.00% per year Inflation 2.50% per year

Long-term investment return 7.50% per year, net of pension plan investments expenses

Growth in membership 0.00% per year Payroll growth 3.00% per year

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. The mortality rates for active members were based on 135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010. The mortality rate for service retirees, beneficiaries, and non-depositing members was based on 135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010. The mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown below are based on January 2024 information for a 10-year time horizon.

The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Asset Class	<u>Benchmark</u>	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) (2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.75%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.75%
International Equities – Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.75%
International Equities – Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.35%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	3.65%
Direct Lending	Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan TR USD Index	16.00%	7.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.20%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (5)	25.00%	7.75%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	3.25%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.60%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2024 TCDRS Board Meeting.

Discount Rate

The projected fiduciary net position was determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years. Therefore, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments (7.60%).

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected rate for the asset class minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.2%, per Cliffwater's 2024 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

		Increase (Decreas	se)
·	Total Pension Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability / (Asset) (a) – (b)
Balances as of December 31, 2022	\$33,051,211	\$34,362,100	(\$1,310,889)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	949,352	-	949,352
Interest on total pension liability	2,527,551	•	2,527,551
Effect of plan changes	-	•	•
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(32,286)	-	(32,286)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	-	-	-
Refund of contributions	(75,620)	(75,620)	-
Benefit payments	(1,438,728)	(1,438,728)	-
Administrative expense	-	(20,079)	20,079
Member contributions	-	434,008	(434,008)
Net investment income	-	3,779,428	(3,779,428)
Employer contributions	-	1,382,895	(1,382,895)
Other changes		29,203	(29,203)
Balances as of December 31, 2023	\$34,981,480	\$38,453,207	(<u>\$3,471,727</u>)

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the net pension asset is not recorded.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease <u>6.60%</u>	Current Discount Rate 7.60%	1% Increase 8.60%
Net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$999,212</u>	(\$3,471,727)	(\$7,226,786)

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Pension Expense

	January 1, 2023 to
	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
Service cost	\$ 949,352
Interest on total pension liability (1)	2, 5 27,551
Effect of plan changes	-
Administrative expenses	20,079
Member contributions	(434,008)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(2,623,147)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources:	·
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	79,904
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	(46,261)
Recognition of investment gains or losses	(576,996)
Other (2)	(29,203)
Pension expense	(\$ 132.729)

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

The pension expense above is on the based on the full accrual basis and is not reflected in the modified cash basis financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Other supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for financial statements prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting and are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **GENERAL FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance With Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 12,772,765	\$ 12,772,765	\$ 12,857,431	\$ 84,666
Registrations, fines and fees	1,354,128	1,354,128	1,480,100	125,972
Public service fees	187,450	187,450	185,727	(1,723)
Intergovernmental	552,967	552,967	868,302	315,335
Interest income	7,800	7,800	1,203,146	1,195,346
Other	70,000	176,817	314,349	137,532
Total revenues	14,945,110	15,051,927	16,909,055	1,857,128
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	4,027,310	3,914,694	3,296,190	618,504
Justice system	3,059,550	3,082,267	2,387,448	694,819
Public safety	1,840,577	1,828,897	1,814,009	14,888
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,902,842	2,020,361	1,994,428	25,933
Health and human services	966,221	966,221	441,061	525,160
Infrastructure and environmental services	4,583,415	4,866,291	3,993,736	872,555
Total expenditures *	16,379,915	16,678,731	13,926,872	2,751,859
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,434,805)	(1,626,804)	2,982,183	4,608,987
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	•	191,999	149,087	(42,912)
Transfers in	66,832	66,832	66,832	-
Transfers out	(191,700)	(191,700)	(190,465)	1,235
Total other financing sources (uses)	(124,868)	67,131	25,454	(41,677)
Net change in fund balances	(1,559,673)	(1,559,673)	3,007,637	4,567,310
Fund balance - beginning of year	16,161,952	16,161,952	16,161,952	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 14,602,279	\$ 14,602,279	\$ 19,169,589	\$ 4,567,310

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost	S 949 357	4 917 282	824 906	753 631	763 106	763 030	764 050	702 040	**********	217 900
Internation of the following in the little	7 577 654	020 836 0	1346 450	402 600	20,000	000,000	000000	DID SEL	142,241	71-020
HIGHER OF TOWN PERSONS	100'170'7	7,500,570	704'047'7	7, 123,020	/cc,010,2	1,686,700	1,42,040	BL/'096'L	1,542,080	1,449,541
Effect of plan changes	•			•		•	•	•	(106,924)	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs			(138.785)	1,559,510		•	191,969		229,808	
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	(32,286)	253,616	18,379	208,114	(58,640)	50,081	143,099	38,850	(849,160)	(110,934)
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(1.514.348)	(1,457,390)	(1,396,209)	(1,353,229)	(1,265,266)	(1,132,762)	(947,514)	(901,688)	(942,062)	(1,007,382)
Net change in total pension liability	1,930,269	2,077,478	1,554,746	3,290,592	1,449,737	1,569,847	1,895,144	1,521,890	616,083	1,027,700
Total cension liability beginning	33.051.211	30.973.733	29.418.987	26 128 395	24 678 658	23 108 811	21 213 667	19 501 777	19 075 694	18 047 994
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$ 34,981,480	\$ 33,051,211	\$ 30,973,733	\$ 29,418,987	\$ 26,128,395	\$ 24,678,658	\$ 23,108,811	\$ 21,213,667	\$ 19,691,777	\$ 19,075,694
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;										
Fiduciary Net Position										
Employer contributions	\$ 1,362,895	\$ 1,484,342	\$ 1,269,015	\$ 1,245,050	\$ 1,410,531	\$ 1,057,488	\$ 1,367,535	\$ 1,113,904	\$ 663,861	\$ 654,316
Member contributions	434,008	410,140	378,029	366,249	349,277	347,780	338,956	332,662	323,610	305,149
Investment income net of investment expenses	3,779,428	(2,147,736)	6,462,676	2,720,009	3,642,935	(413,041)	2,759,383	1,255,442	(28,715)	1,093,493
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(1,514,348)	(1,457,390)	(1,396,209)	(1,353,229)	(1,265,266)	(1,132,763)	(947,514)	(901,689)	(942,062)	(1,007,382)
Administrative expenses	(20,079)	(20,137)	(19,477)	(21,433)	(20,060)	(17,820)	(14,853)	(13,632)	(12,293)	(12,873)
Other	29,203	92,436	15,174	10,245	20,599	10,363	10,032	80,849	(264,586)	(15,662)
Net change in fiduciary net position	4,091,107	(1,638,345)	6,709,206	2.966,891	4,138,016	(147,993)	3,513,539	1,867,536	(260,185)	1,017,041
Fiduciary net position, beginning	34,362,100	36,000,445	29,291,237	26,324,346	22,186,330	22,334,323	18,820,784	16,953,248	17,213,433	16,196,392
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ 38,453,207	\$ 34,362,100	\$ 36,000,445	\$ 29,291,237	\$ 26,324,346	\$ 22,186,330	\$ 22,334,323	\$ 18,820,784	\$ 16,953,248	\$ 17,213,433
Net necesion Establity (asset) ending $= \{a\} \cdot \{b\}$	\$ (3.471.727)	(1.310.689)	\$ (5.026.712)	\$ 127 750	(195 951)	8CE C6P C \$	\$ 774 48B	5 2 3G2 AB3	2 2738 529	£ 1 862 261
(a) (b) Some Comment of the		(200	/a disposal		10000	27.120.13	antitude of the second	2,402,000	20,001,2	107'700'1
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	109.92%	103 97%	116.23%	%29.57%	100.75%	89.90%	96.65%	88.72%	%60.98	90 24%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 6,200,113	\$ 5,859,142	\$ 5,400,407	\$ 5,232,134	\$ 4,989,670	\$ 4,968,290	\$ 4,842,234	\$ 4,752,314	\$ 4,623,000	\$ 4,359,270
Net pension kability / (asset) as a % of covered payroll	-55 99%	-22 37%	-93.08%	2.44%	-3.93%	50 16%	15 99%	50 35%	59.24%	42.72%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year Ending	Actuarially Determined	Actual Employer	Contribution Deficiency	Pensionable Covered	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered
September 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll (1)	Payroll
2015	663,861	663,861	•	4,623,000	14.4%
2016	663,904	1,113,904	(450,000)	4,752,314	23.4%
2017	657,091	1,367,535	(710,444)	4,842,234	28.2%
2018	640,413	1,057,488	(417,075)	4,968,290	21.3%
2019	596,266	1,410,531	(814,265)	4,989,670	28.3%
2020	565,070	1,245,050	(679,980)	5,232,134	23.8%
2021	516,819	1,269,015	(752,196)	5,400,407	23.5%
2022	704,269	1,484,342	(780,073)	5,859,142	25.3%
2023	671,067	1,365,704	(694,637)	6,078,507	22.5%
2024	713,568	1,152,979	(439,411)	6,867,830	16.8%

⁽¹⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

This schedule is based on the County's fiscal year.

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on the modified cash basis of accounting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The County Judge is, by statute, the Budget Officer of the County and has the responsibility of preparing the County's budget. Under the County's budgeting procedures, each department submits a budget request to the County Judge. The County Judge reviews budget requests and holds informal hearings when needed. Before October 1, a proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners' Court. A public hearing is then held and the Commissioners' Court takes action on the proposed budget. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenues and available fund balance.

Once the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the County to prevent expenditures from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping members of the Commissioners' Court advised of the conditions of the various funds and accounts.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund. Any transfers of appropriations are first approved by the Commissioners' Court. No amendments may be made without Commissioners' Court approval to the total budget for each department within a fund. Thus, the legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. No supplemental appropriations were required during the year.

Encumbrance accounting is not employed by the County because it is not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control.

B. TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes to benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes in actuarial assumptions

There were no changes to actuarial assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND BUDGET COMPARISONS AS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are

presented for purposes of additional analysis.

ASSETS	10 General Fund	12 Indigent Health Care	13 Group Insurance Benefit	_
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 12,806,954	\$ 2,641,662	\$ 150)
Total assets	\$ 12,806,954	\$ 2,641,662	\$ 150	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:		_	_	
None	. <u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	_
Fund balances:				
Committed for:				
Indigent health care	•	2,641,662	-	
infrastructure and environmental services	-	-	-	
Assigned for:				
Deficit budget for 2024-25	743,560	-	-	
Unassigned	12,063,394	-	150)
Total fund balances	12,806,954	2,641,662	150)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 12,806,954	\$ 2,641,662	\$ 150	<u>)</u>

21 Road Bridg Precind	je	22 Road & Bridge Precinct #2	23 Road & Bridge Precinct #3	24 Road & Bridge Precinct #4	70 FM & Right of Way	75 3 - 4 Road Fund	Combined
		\$ 1,059,697 \$ 1,059,697	\$ 463,442 \$ 463,442	\$ 1,038,553 \$ 1,038,553	\$ 192,053 \$ 192,053	\$ 103 \$ 103	\$ 19,169,589 \$ 19,169,589
\$		\$ <u>·</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -
96	- 6,975	- 1,059,697	- 463,442	- 1,038,553	192,053	- 103	2,641,662 3,720,823
96	- - 6,975	1,059,697	- - 463,442	1,038,553	192,053	- - 103	743,560 12,063,544 19,169,589
		\$ 1,059,697	\$ 463,442	\$ 1,038,553	\$ 192,053	\$ 103	\$ 19,169,589

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **GENERAL FUND**

	10 General Fund	12 Indigent Health Care	13 Group Insurance Benefit
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 9,215,806	\$ 512,554	\$ -
Registrations, fines and fees	761,076	-	•
Public service fees	185,727	-	•
Intergovernmental	777,520	-	-
Interest income	993,320	45,940	-
Other	231,684_		-
Total revenues	12,165,133	558,494	
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	3,296,190	-	•
Justice system	2,387,448	•	•
Public safety	1,814,009	•	•
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,994,428	-	-
Health and human services	391,326	49,735	•
Infrastructure and environmental services	39,128	-	-
Total expenditures	9,922,529	49,735	•
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,242,604	508,759	<u> </u>
Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	•	•
Transfers out	(190,465)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(190,465)		•
Net change in fund balances	2,052,139	508,759	
Fund balance - beginning of year	10,754,815	2,132,903	150
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 12,806,954	\$ 2,641,662	\$ 150

21 Road & Bridge Precinct #1	22 Road & Bridge Precinct #2	23 Road & Bridge Precinct #3	24 Road & Bridge Precinct #4	70 FM & Right of Way	75 3 - 4 Road Fund	Combined
\$ 779,705	\$ 779,705	\$ 779,705	\$ 779,705	\$ 10,251	s -	\$ 12,857,431
179,756	179,756	179,756	179,756	•	-	1,480,100
•		·	-	•	-	185,727
68,942	7,280	7,280	7,280	-	-	868,302
31,824	37,705	37,287	48,390	8,678	2	1,203,146
16,001	501	54,604	11,559			314,349
1,076,228	1,004,947	1,058,632	1,026,690	18,929	2	16,909,055
-	-	-	-	-	-	3,296,190
-	-	-	-	-	-	2,387,448
•	-	-	•	•	-	1,814,009
-	•	•	-	-	•	1,994,428
		-	-	-	-	441,061
1,008,099	1,047,517	948,255	950,737			3,993,736
1,008,099	1,047,517	948,255	950,737			13,926,872
68,129	(42,570)	110,377	75,953	18,929	2	2,982,183
101,186	-	29,586	18,315	_	-	149,087
16,708	16,708	16,708	16,708	•	-	66,832
· -	-	-	· -	-	-	(190,465)
117,894	16,708	46,294	35,023			25,454
186,023	(25,862)	156,671	110,976	18,929	2	3,007,637
780,952	1,085,559	306,771	927,577	173,124	101	16,161,952
\$ 966,975	\$ 1,059,697	\$ 463,442	\$ 1,038,553	\$ 192,053	\$ 103	\$ 19,169,589

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

- MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GENERAL FUND

		General	Fund (10)	
	Budgeted			Variance With Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 9,156,290	\$ 9,156,290	\$ 9,215,806	\$ 59,516
Registrations, fines and fees	674,128	674,128	761,076	86,948
Public service fees	187,450	187,450	185,727	(1,723)
Intergovernmental	524,167	524,167	777,520	253,353
Interest income	5,000	5,000	993,320	988,320
Other	70,000	85,940	231,684	145,744
Total revenues	10,617,035	10,632,975	12,165,133	1,532,158_
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	4,027,310	3,914,694	3,296,190	618,504
Justice system	3,059,550	3,082,267	2,387,448	694,819
Public safety	1,840,577	1,828,897	1,814,009	14,888
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,902,842	2,020,361	1,994,428	25,933
Health and human services	395,933	395,933	391,326	4,607
Infrastructure and environmental services	51,631	51,631	39,128	12,503
Total expenditures	11,277,843	11,293,783	9,922,529	1,371,254
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(660,808)	(660,808)	2,242,604	2,903,412
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	•	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	•	•	-
Transfers out	(191,700)	(191,700)	(190,465)	1,235
Total other financing sources (uses)	(191,700)	(191,700)	(190,465)	1,235
Net change in fund balances	(852,508)	(852,508)	2,052,139	2,904,647
Fund balance - beginning of year	10,754,815	10,754,815	10,754,815	-
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 9,902,307	\$ 9,902,307	\$ 12,806,954	\$ 2,904,647

	Indigent Hea	alth Care (12)		Group Insurance Benefit (13)								
Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Budget - Ositive Budgeted Amounts						Final Po	nce With Budget - esitive gative)	
\$ 508,847	\$ 508,847	\$ 512,554	\$ 3,707	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	
-	-	-	-		•		-		•		-	
•		-	-		-		-		•		-	
500	500	45,940	45,440		-		-		-		-	
	-		<u> </u>		•						-	
509,347	509,347	558,494	49,147		-		-		<u></u>		•	
•	-	-	-				•		-			
•	•	•	•		•		•		•		•	
-	-	•	•		-		•		-		-	
- 570,288	570,288	- 49,735	520,553		•		-		-		•	
•	-	-	-		-				-		-	
570,288	570,288	49,735	520,553		-						-	
(60,941)	(60,941)	508,759	569,700		•		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>+</u>	
-	-	-	-		•		-		•		•	
	-	-	-		•		-		-		•	
	-	<u> </u>			•							
(60,941)	(60,941)	508,759	569,700				-		-		•	
2,132,903	2,132,903	2,132,903			150		150		150		•	
\$ 2,071,962	\$ 2,071,962	\$ 2,641,662	\$ 569,700	\$	150	\$	150	\$	150	\$	-	

COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

- MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GENERAL FUND

		Road & Bridge	Precinct #1 (21)	-
	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 774,349	\$ 774,349	\$ 779,705	\$ 5,356
Registrations, fines and fees	170,000	170,000	179,756	9,756
Public service fees	•	-	-	•
Intergovernmental	7,200	7,200	68,942	61,742
Interest income	200	200	31,824	31,624
Other		65,072	16,001	(49,071)
Total revenues	951,749	1,016,821	1,076,228	59,407
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	•	-	•	•
Justice system	•	-	-	-
Public safety	•	-	-	•
Corrections and rehabilitation	•	•		•
Health and human services	•	•	•	•
Infrastructure and environmental services	1,368,457	1,547,304	1,008,099	539,205
Total expenditures	1,368,457	1,547,304	1,008,099	539,205
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(416,708)	(530,483)	68,129	598,612
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	•	113,775	101,186	(12,589)
Transfers in	16,708	16,708	16,708	•
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,708	130,483	117,894	(12,589)
Net change in fund balances	(400,000)	(400,000)	186,023	586,023
Fund balance - beginning of year	780,952	780,952	780,952	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 380,952	\$ 380,952	\$ 966,975	\$ 586,023

		Road & Bridge	Precinct #2 (22)		Road & Bridge Precinct #3 (23)							
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive				
	Original	rmai	Actual	(Negauve)	Onginal	FINE	Actual	(Negative)				
\$	774,349 170,000	\$ 774,349 170,000	\$ 779,705 179,756	\$ 5,356 9,756	\$ 774,349 170,000	\$ 774,349 170,000	\$ 779,705 179,756	\$ 5,356 9,756				
	7,200 200	7,200 200	7,280 37,705	80 37,505	7,200 200	7,200 200	7,280 37,287	80 37,087				
_	951,749	952,249	501 1,004,947	52,698	951,749	24,805 976,554	54,604 1,058,632	29,799 82,078				
	-			_	-	•	-					
	-	-	-	•	-	- -	•	•				
	•			_	-	•	-	•				
	-	-		•	-	-	•	•				
	1,058,649	1,059,149	1,047,517	11,632	968,457	1,052,646	948,255	104,391				
	1,058,649	1,059,149	1,047,517	11,632	968,457	1,052,646	948,255	104,391				
	(106,900)	(106,900)	(42,570)	64,330	(16,708)	(76,092)	110,377	186,469				
	-	-	-	-		59,384	29,586	(29,798)				
	16,708	16,708	16,708	-	16,708	16,708	16,708	-				
_	16,708	16,708	16,708		16,708	76,092	46,294	(29,798)				
	(90,192)	(90,192)	(25,862)	64,330	•	-	156,671	156,671				
	1,085,559	1,085,559	1,085,559		306,771	306,771	306,771					
\$	995,367	\$ 995,367	\$ 1,059,697	\$ 64,330	\$ 306,771	\$ 306,771	\$ 463,442	\$ 156,671				

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

- MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:		7 11160	- Actual	(140Banse)
Property taxes	\$ 774,349	\$ 774,349	\$ 779,705	\$ 5,356
Registrations, fines and fees	170,000	170,000	179,756	9,756
Public service fees	-	-	•	· <u>-</u>
Intergovernmental	7,200	7,200	7,280	80
Interest income	200	200	48,390	48,190
Other		500	11,559	11,059
Total revenues	951,749	952,249	1,026,690	74,441
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	•	-	•	-
Justice system	•	•	-	
Public safety		-	-	-
Corrections and rehabilitation	•	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	•	-
Infrastructure and environmental services	1,124,489	1,143,829	950,737	193,092
Total expenditures	1,124,489	1,143,829	950,737	193,092
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(172,740)	(191,580)	75,953	267,533
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	-	18,840	18,315	(525)
Transfers in	16,708	16,708	16,708	-
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,708	35,548	35,023	(525)
Net change in fund balances	(156,032)	(156,032)	110,976	267,008
Fund balance - beginning of year	927,577	927,577	927,577	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 771,545	\$ 771,545	\$ 1,038,553	\$ 267,008

FM & Right of Way (70)							3 - 4 Road Fund (75)								
_	Budgeted Original		Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		O	Budgete Original		its inat	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$	10,232	\$ 10,232	\$ 10,251	\$	19	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	-	-	•		~		-		-		-		-		
	-	-	•		-		-		-		-		-		
	1,500	1,500	8,678		7,178						2		2		
	•	-	•		-		_								
_	11,732	11,732	18,929		7,197		•		-		2		2		
	•	-	-						-		-		-		
	-	•	-		-		•		•		-				
	•	-	-		-		-		-		-		•		
	•	•	-		•		•		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		•		-		-		-		
	11,732	11,732			11,732	-									
_	11,732	11,732	<u> </u>		11,732		<u> </u>								
	•	-	18,929		18,929		-		-		2		2		
	-		-		_		_				-		-		
	-	-	-		-		•		-		-		-		
	•		-		-		-		-				-		
	•	-			<u> </u>				<u> </u>						
	-	-	18,929		18,929		-		-		2		2		
	173,124	173,124	173,124				101		101		101		•		
\$	173,124	\$ 173,124	\$ 192,053	\$	18,929	\$	101	\$	101	\$	103	\$	2		

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **GENERAL FUND** FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Comi	bined	
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			710120	(110,000.00)
Property taxes	\$ 12,772,765	\$ 12,772,765	\$ 12,857,431	\$ 84,666
Registrations, fines and fees	1,354,128	1,354,128	1,480,100	125,972
Public service fees	187,450	187,450	185,727	(1,723)
Intergovernmental	552,967	552,967	868,302	315,335
Interest income	7,800	7,800	1,203,146	1,195,346
Other	70,000	176,817	314,349	137,532
Total revenues	14,945,110	15,051,927	16,909,055	1,857,128
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	4,027,310	3,914,694	3,296,190	618,504
Justice system	3,059,550	3,082,267	2,387,448	694,819
Public safety	1,840,577	1,828,897	1,814,009	14,888
Corrections and rehabilitation	1,902,842	2,020,361	1,994,428	25,933
Health and human services	966,221	966,221	441,061	525,160
Infrastructure and environmental services	4,583,415	4,866,291	3,993,736	872,555
Total expenditures	16,379,915	16,678,731	13,926,872	2,751,859
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,434,805)	(1,626,804)	2,982,183	4,608,987
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	•	191,999	149,087	(42,912)
Transfers in	66,832	66,832	66,832	-
Transfers out	(191,700)	(191,700)	(190,465)	1,235
Total other financing sources (uses)	(124,868)	67,131	25,454	(41,677)
Net change in fund balances	(1,559,673)	(1,559,673)	3,007,637	4,567,310
Fund balance - beginning of year	16,161,952	16,161,952	16,161,952	•
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 14,602,279	\$ 14,602,279	\$ 19,169,589	\$ 4,567,310

	15	16	17	18 Dist. Clerk
	Records	Courthouse	BVS	Records
	Management	Security	Preservation	Management
ASSETS				
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 534,442	\$ 73,636	\$ 7,509	\$ 19,129
Total assets	\$ 534,442	\$ 73,636	\$ 7,509	\$ 19,129
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
None	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> -
Fund balances:				
Restricted for:				
Records management/preservation	534,442	-	7,509	19,129
Public safety	-	73,636	•	•
Justice system	-	•	•	•
Corrections and rehabilitation	•	-	=	•
Debt service	-	-		•
Other	-	•	-	-
Total fund balances	534,442	73,636	7,509	19,129
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 534,442	\$ 73,636	\$ 7,509	\$ 19,129

			Special Ru	euneve	Funds										
	19		26		27		28		30 ly Attorney		31		32		33 District
F	Records	Un	claimed			J	uror	Fo	rfeiture			She	riff Office		Attorney
Pre	servation	P	roperty	E	ections	Dor	nations	Chec	k Account	VIT	Collector	F	orfeiture	F	orfeiture
\$	62,727	\$	17,507	_\$	39,672	\$	467	\$	2,457	\$	5,294	\$	15,835	\$	258,407
\$	62,727	\$	17,507	<u>\$</u>	39,672	<u>\$</u>	467	\$	2,457	\$	5,294	<u>\$</u>	15,835	\$	258,407
\$	•	\$	<u>.</u>	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u> -	\$		\$	-	_\$_	<u>-</u>
	62,727						-				-		-		•
	-		-		-		-		2,457		•		15,835		-
	-		-		-				-		-		-		258,407
	-		-				-		-		-		-		
	_		•		•		_		-		-				-
	_		17,507		39,672		467		•		5,294				-
_	62,727		17,507	_	39,672		467		2,457		5,294		15,835		258,407
\$	62,727	\$	17,507	\$	39,672	\$	467	\$	2,457	\$	5,294	\$	15,835	s	258,407

		35		36		38 District		39		40
			D	A State	A	ttorney				
	Ho	ot Check	_Su	pplement	Ho	t Check		Estray	P	robation
ASSETS										
Cash on hand and in bank	_\$	11,542	\$	30,278	\$	7,526	\$	26,181	\$	28,962
Total assets	\$	11,542	\$	30,278	\$	7,526	\$	26,181	\$	28,962
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Due to other funds	\$	<u> </u>	\$		_\$_	<u> </u>	_\$_	-	_\$_	
Fund balances:										
Restricted for:										
Records management/preservation		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		•		-		•		•		-
Justice system		11,542		30,278		7,526		-		-
Corrections and rehabilitation		-		-		-		-		28,962
Debt service		-		-				-		•
Other						•		26,181		-
Total fund balances		11,542		30,278	_	7,526	_	26,181		28,962
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u> </u>	11,542	\$	30,278	\$	7,526	<u>\$</u>	26,181	\$	28,962

S	pecial Revenue Funds						
41	42	43	44	45	47	48	
	State	County		Juvenile	Community	Court	
Adult	Juvenile	Juvenile	Commitment	Probation	Service	Reporter	
Probation	Probation	Probation	Diversion	IV E	Adult Prob.	Fees	
\$ 272,490	\$ (13,013)	\$ 292,371	\$ (16,900)	\$ 136	\$ 10,473	\$ 55,939	
\$ 272,490	\$ (13,013)	\$ 292,371	\$ (16,900)	\$ 136	\$ 10,473	\$ 55,939	
<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	\$ -	
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	•	•		
272,490	(13,013)	292,371	(16,900)	136	10,473	55,939	
2,2,400	(15,015)	202,071	(10,300)	-	10,473	-	
_	_	_		-	_	-	
272,490	(13,013)	292,371	(16,900)	136	10,473	55,939	
\$ 272,490	\$ (13.013)	\$ 292 .371	\$ (16.900)	\$ 136	\$ 10.473	\$ 55,939	

ASSETS	Supplement Guardianship Fees		50 Family Protection Fees		51 Court Facilities Fees		52 Law Library Fees			55 istorical mmission
Cash on hand and in bank	\$	34,510	\$	21,990	\$	20,229	\$	119,783	\$	12,585
Total assets		34,510	<u>*</u>	21,990	<u>\$</u>	20,229	2	119,783		12,585
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-		
Fund balances:										
Restricted for:										
Records management/preservation		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-				-		-
Justice system		34,510		21,990		20,229		119,783		
Corrections and rehabilitation		-		-		•		-		-
Debt service		-		-		•		-		-
Other		•		-		-		-		12,585
Total fund balances		34,510		21,990		20,229		119,783		12,585
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	34,510	\$	21,990	\$	20,229	\$	119,783	\$	12,585

	Special	Revenu	e Funds										
	56		57		58		76 SB22		77 SB22		78		81
JI	P Court	S	pecialty	La	nguage		County		District		SB22	Con	stable #1
S	ecurity		Court	A	ccess		Attorney		Attorney		Sheriff	L	EOSE
\$	11,345	<u>\$</u>	6,491	\$	3,034	\$	132,643	\$	123,561	\$	418,686	\$	3,210
\$	11,345	\$	6,491	<u>\$</u>	3,034	\$	132,643	\$	123,561	\$	418,686	\$	3,210
\$	•	_\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		_\$_	.	<u>\$</u>	<u>* </u>	<u> </u>	-
	-		-		-		•		-		-		.
	11,345		6,491		•		•		-		418,686		3,210
	•		-		-		132,643		123,561		•		-
	-		-		•		-		-		-		-
	•		-		•		•		•		-		-
	<u>-</u>				3,034		-		<u> </u>		-		-
	11,345		6,491		3,034		132,643		123,561		418,686		3,210
\$	11,345	s	6,491	\$	3,034	s	132,643	s	123,561	s	418.686	s	3.210

						Sp	oecia!	Revenue F	unds			
	·	82		83		84		85		86		87
					[istrict		County	i	District	C	ounty
	Con	stable #2		Sheriff	Α	ltorney		Clerk		Clerk	4	Clerk
		EOSE		LEOSE		EOSE		Archive		Archive	Tec	hnology
ASSETS												
Cash on hand and in bank	\$	4,258	\$	13,996	.\$	4,534	\$	597,509	\$	23,793	\$	6,678
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	4,258		13,996	\$	4,534	\$	597,509	\$	23,793	\$	6,678
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:					,							
Due to other funds	_\$		_\$	-	\$		\$		_\$_		<u>\$</u>	
Fund balances:												
Restricted for:												
Records management/preservation				•		•		597,509		23,793		6,678
Public safety		4,258		13,996		-				-		
Justice system		-		-		4,534		_		-		-
Corrections and rehabilitation		-		-		-		-		-		•
Debt service		-		-		-		-		•		-
Other		•						-		-		-
Total fund balances		4,258	_	13,996		4,534		597,509		23,793		6,678
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,258	<u>\$</u>	13,996	\$	4,534	\$	597,509	\$	23,793	\$	6,678

_	89 District		90	 91		93		Debt Service Fund 61 Annex	_	
	Clerk chnology	Tec	JP :hnology	Opioid etement		Grants	1	Sinking Fund		Total Combined
\$	33,046 33,046	\$	3,164 3,164	\$ 16,442 16,442	\$ \$	65,350 65,350	\$	37,086 37,086	\$	3,456,990 3,456,990
\$		<u>\$</u>	•	\$ 	\$		\$		<u>\$</u>	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
	33,046		•	-		.		-		1,284,833
	-		-	-		-		•		549,914
	-		3,164	-		65,350		•		889,456
	•		-	-		-		37,086		574,519 37,086
			-	16,442		-		31,000		121,182
	33,046		3,164	 16,442		65,350		37,086		3,456,990
\$	33,046	s	3,164	\$ 16,442	\$	65.350	\$	37,086	s	3,456,990

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	-	15 Records nagement		16 ourthouse Security	Pre	17 BVS servation	18 Dist. Clerk Records Management		
REVENUES:					· ·				
Property taxes	\$	•	\$	•	\$		\$	-	
Registrations, fines and fees		61,113		13,497		1,523		11,574	
Intergovernmental		40 444		- e = 70		-		- 479	
Interest income Other		18,141		6,578		577		4/9	
Total revenues		79,254		20,075		2,100	_	12,053	
i otal Teverides		13,257	_	20,010		2,100		12,000	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government		29,225		48,851		2,542		4,752	
Justice system		-		•		•		-	
Public safety		•		•		-		•	
Corrections and rehabilitation		-		•		•		-	
Health and human services				10.054				4 750	
Total expenditures		29,225		48,851		2,542		4,752	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		50,029		(28,776)		(442)		7,301	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		•		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)				-				.	
Net change in fund balances		50,029		(28,776)		(442)		7,301	
Fund balance - beginning of year		484,413		102,412		7,951		11,828	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	534,442	\$	73,636	\$	7,509	\$	19,129	

	19	20	6		27		28	Count	30 Attorney		31		32		33 District
F	Records	Uncla	imed			J	uror		feiture			She	riff Office		Attorney
Pre	eservation	Prop	erty	Ele	ctions	Don	ations	Check	Account	ViT (Collector	Fo	orfeiture	F	orfeiture
\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	•	\$	-
	1,285		-		-		-		-		2,801		•		-
	-		9,113		11,359		-		•		•		-		
	3,532		1,219		166		-		-		106		283		19,678
	4,817	50	0,332		11,525		40		-		2,907		200 483		99 19, 77 7
	-	75	5,000		•		-						-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		52,995
	-		-		-		•		•		•		-		-
	-		-		-		•		•		-		•		-
		75	5,000								<u> </u>		<u> </u>		52,995
			0,000		<u> </u>		-						.		32,553
	4,817	(24	1 ,668)		11,525	_	40				2,907		483		(33,218)
			•		-				-		-		-		-
	•												-		•
	-		•		-		<u>·</u>		<u> </u>		•		<u> </u>		-
	4,817	(24	1,668)		11,525		40		•		2,907		483		(33,218)
	57,910	42	2,175	;	28,147		427		2,457		2,387		15,352		291,625
\$	62,727	\$ 17	7,507	\$:	39,672	\$	467	\$	2,457	\$	5,294	\$	15,835	\$	258,407

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		35		36		38	•	39	40		
					_	istrict					
			Đ	A State		torney					
	Hot	Check	Su	pplement	_Hot	Check		Estray	Pro	bation	
REVENUES:											
Property taxes	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	
Registrations, fines and fees		135		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		41,250		-		•		•	
Interest income		305		-		305		425		520	
Other		-		18,334				5,292		-	
Total revenues		440		59,584		305		5,717		520	
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
General government		-		-		-		-		-	
Justice system		-		22,982		-		-		-	
Public safety		•		-		-		-		-	
Corrections and rehabilitation		•		-		-		-		-	
Health and human services		-		-				900		-	
Total expenditures				22,982		-		900		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		440		36,602		305		4,817		520	
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers in		•		-		-		•		-	
Transfers out		•						-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)				•				•		-	
Net change in fund balances		440		36,602		305		4,817		520	
Fund balance - beginning of year		11,102		(6,324)		7,221		21,364		28,442	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	11,542	\$	30,278	\$	7,526	\$	26,181	\$ 2	28,962	

	Special Revenue Funda	S				
41 Adult Probation	42 State Juvenile Probation	43 County Juvenile Probation	44 Commitment Diversion	45 Juvenile Probation IV E	47 Community Service Adult Prob.	48 Court Reporter Fees
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$.	\$ -
274,290	-	131,451	-	-		9,843
285,207	334,168	-	99,434	-	73,855	•
4,074	•	5,641	•	2	•	•
563,571	334,168	137,092	99,434	2	73,855	9,843
-	-	-	-	-	_	10,012
-	-	-	•	-	•	404
	14,704	<u>-</u>	-	-	•	-
461,195	163,415	350,395	93,402	-	131,797	-
461,195	470 440	250 205	- 00 400		-	- 40 440
401,195	178,119	350,395	93,402		131,797	10,416
102,376	156,049	(213,303)	6,032	2	(57,942)	(573)
	-	279,862	-	•	57,625	
(57,625)	(156,229)	•	•	_	-	
(57,625)	(156,229)	279,862	-		57,625	
44,751	(180)	66,559	6,032	2	(317)	(573)
227,739	(12,833)	225,812	(22,932)	134_	10,790	56,512
\$ 272,490	\$ (13,013)	\$ 292,371	\$ (16,900)	\$ 136	\$ 10,473	\$ 55,939

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR FUNDS

	49 Supplement Guardianship Fees			50 Family Protection Fees		51 Court acilities Fees	52 Law Library Fees		55 listorical mmission
REVENUES:									
Property taxes	\$	•	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Registrations, fines and fees		3,180		-		7,814		13,675	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		•	•
Interest income		-		-		-		-	224
Other							_	-	
Total revenues		3,180				7,814	_	13,675	 224
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government		•		_		-		-	-
Justice system		-				•		4,460	-
Public safety		-				•			_
Corrections and rehabilitation						_			
Health and human services		-		-		_			
Total expenditures				-				4,460	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,180		-		7,814		9,215	 224
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		•				_		_	_
Transfers out						_		_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		•		•			_		
A									
Net change in fund balances		3,180		-		7,814		9,215	224
Fund balance - beginning of year		31,330		21,990		12,415		110,568	12,361
Fund balance - end of year	\$	34,510	\$	21,990	\$	20,229	\$	119,783	\$ 12,585

	Special Re	evenue										
JP	56 Court curity		57 pecialty Court	58 nguage .ccess	S Co	76 B22 Junty orney	S Di	77 B22 strict orney	s	78 B22 heriff		81 stable # EOSE
	dunty	_	Oourt	 		Citioy .		or noy				-005
\$	•	\$	-	\$ •	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•
	-		1,056	1,172		-		•		•		•
	-		-	-	17	5,000	17	75,000	7	700,000		1,43
	563		-	-		189		176		598		-
	-			 •		-		<u>.</u>		•		•
	563	_	1,056	1,172	17	75,189		75,176		700,598	-	1,43
	-		-	-		-		•		-		
	-		-	-	4	2,546		51,615		-		-
	•		-	-		-		-	- 2	281,912		•
	•		-	-		-		-		•		•
	-			 		2,546		51,615		104 042		-
				 		2,040	<u> </u>	1,013		81,912		-
	563		1,056	 1,172	13	2,643	12	23,561		18,686		1,43
	•		-	-		-		•		•		-
	<u> </u>		-	 		-				<u> </u>		-
		_		 				<u>·</u>		-		-
	563		1,056	1,172	13	2,643	12	23,561	4	118,686		1,43
	10,782		5,435	 1,862		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		1,77
\$	11,345	\$	6,491	\$ 3,034	\$ 13	2,643	\$ 12	23,561	\$ 4	118,686	\$	3,21

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		82		83	D	84 istrict	C	85 County		86 District	(87 County
	Cons	table #2	Sh	eriff	_	tomey		Clerk		Clerk		Clerk
		OSE		OSE		EOSE		rchive	,	Archive		chnology
REVENUES:										-		
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Registrations, fines and fees		-		•		-		60,260		290		112
Intergovernmental		1,437		4,986		1,437		-		-		-
Interest income		-		-		-		12,184		547		301
Other		•		-		-		-		•		-
Total revenues		1,437		4,986		1,437		72,444		837		413
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government		•		-		•		70,000		•		-
Justice system		•		-		•		-		-		-
Public safety		125		1,656		-		-		-		-
Corrections and rehabilitation		•		-		-		-		•		-
Health and human services		-		•		-		-		-		•
Total expenditures		125		1,656	_	<u>-</u>		70.000		-	_	•
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,312		3,330		1,437		2,444	_	837		413
Other financing sources (uses):												
Transfers in		•		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		•		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		_		•				-
Net change in fund balances		1,312	:	3,330		1,437		2,444		837		413
Fund balance - beginning of year		2,946	1	0,666		3,097	5	95,065	_	22,956		6,265
Fund balance - end of year	\$	4,258	\$ 13	3,996	\$	4,534	\$ 5	97,509	\$	23,793	\$	6,678

					Debt Service Fund	
	89	90	91	93	61	
	District				Аплех	
	Clerk	JP	Opioid		Sinking	Total
Te	chnology	Technology	Abatement	Grants	Fund	Combined
\$		\$ -	s -	s -	\$ 183	\$ 183
	400	2,200	-	•	-	597,671
	-	-	5,790	•	-	1,959,473
	1,076	73	-	-	666	78,628
	•	-	-	•	-	23,965
_	1,476	2,273	5,790	-	849	2,659,920
	-	-	2,006	5,888	-	248,276
	-	5,275	-	-	-	180,277
	-	-	-	-	•	298,397
	-	-	-	44,746	-	1,244,950
	•	<u>-</u>		•	<u> </u>	900
		5,275	2,006	50,634	•	1,972,800
	1,476	(3,002)	3,784	(50,634)	849	687,120
	-	-	•	•	-	337,487
	•				-	(213,854)
	-			-	-	123,633
	1,476	(3,002)	3,784	(50,634)	849	810,753
	31,570	6,166	12,658	115,984	36,237	2,646,237
\$	33,046	\$ 3,164	\$ 16,442	\$ 65,350	\$ 37,086	\$ 3,456,990

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

	De	Sheriff partment ccounts		Coke Fund		County Tax A/C Accounts		County Clerk Accounts	District Clerk Accounts
ASSETS									
Cash on hand and in bank	\$	50,657	\$	2,341	\$	337,147	\$	243,217	\$ 443,793
Total assets	_	50,657		2,341	_	337,147		243,217	 443,793
LIABILITIES									
None		-		-		-		•	•
Total liabilities		-	_	•	_		_	-	
NET POSITION									
Restricted for other purposes		50,657		2,341		337,147		243,217	443,793
Total net position	\$	50,657	\$	2,341	\$	337,147	\$	243,217	\$ 443,793

EXHIBIT C-6

A	County ttomey ccount	Dep	bation artment counts		IP #1 ccount	JP #2 Account		Pending orfeitures	 State Fees Fund	 Total Combined
<u>\$</u>	3,512 3,512	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	7,747 7,747	\$ 13,086 13,086	<u>\$</u>	112,907 112,907	\$ 19,269 19,269	\$ 1,233,676 1,233,676
	-		<u>.</u>			 •	_	-	 -	
\$	3,512 3,512	\$	-	-\$	7,747	\$ 13,086 13,086	\$	112,907 112,907	\$ 19,269 19,269	\$ 1,233,676 1,233,676

MONTAGUE COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**

	Sheriff Department Accounts	Coke Fund	County Tax A/C Accounts	County Clerk Accounts
ADDITIONS	\$ 217,257	\$ 1,316	\$ 21,754,903	\$ 143,020
DEDUCTIONS	221,136	1,150	21,808,215	134,075
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(3,879)	166	(53,312)	8,945
NET POSITION - BEGINNING NET POSITION - ENDING	54,536 \$ 50,657	2,175 \$ 2,341	390,459 \$ 337,147	234,272 \$ 243,217

 District Clerk Accounts	A	County ttorney ccount	De	robation epartment accounts	JP #1 Account	 JP #2 Account	Pending orfeitures	 State Fees Fund	 Total Combined
\$ 605,652	\$	4,323	\$	166,534	\$ 27,810	\$ 40,372	\$ 19,760	\$ 116,807	\$ 23,097,754
 787,552		4,323		170,877	 25,230	 35,204	 5,686	 115,190	 23,308,638
(181,900)		-		(4,343)	2,580	5,168	14,074	1,617	(210,884)
 625,693		3,512		4,343	5,167	7,918	98,833	17, 6 52	1,444,560
\$ 443,793	\$	3,512	\$	-	\$ 7,747	\$ 13,086	\$ 112,907	\$ 19,269	\$ 1,233,676

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

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Michael D. Edgin, CPA David L. Parkman, CPA A. Paul Fleming, CPA Joshua R. Harman, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Montague County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Montague County, Texas' (County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2024. The County's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2025, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the modified cash basis financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the modified cash basis financial statements or to the modified cash basis financial statements themselves. and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the modified cash basis financial statements as a whole.

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EDGIN, PARKMAN, FLEMING & FLEMING, PC

Wichita Falls, Texas March 10, 2025

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Contract <u>Number</u>	Assistance Listing Number	Expenditures and Indirect Costs	Amount Relating to Pass-Through Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS				
United States Department of the Treasury Indirect Program: Passed Through the Texas Department of Emergency Management: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Rellef Fund	2020-CF-21019	21.019	\$ 28,384	<u>\$</u>
Direct Program: COVID-19 - ARPA Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	N/A	21.027	1,027,620	-
COVID-19 - ARPA Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	N/A	21.032	50,000	
Total United States Department of the Treasury			1,106,004	•
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,106,004	\$ ·

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Note 1 - GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards of Montague County, Texas (County). All financial assistance received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies, is included on this schedule.

Note 2 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. Most federal grant funds were accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds, a component of the Governmental Fund types. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities on the modified cash basis of accounting are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The modified cash basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, fund equities, revenues and expenditures when they result from cash transactions. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Federal grant funds are ordinarily considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are deferred revenues until earned.

Note 3 - CONTINGENCIES

In connection with the federal programs, the County is required to comply with specific terms and agreements as well as applicable federal laws and regulations. Such compliance is subject to review and audit by the grantors and their representatives.

Since such programs are subject to audit or review, the possibility of disallowed expenditures exists. In the event of any disallowance of claimed expenditures, the County expects the resulting liability to be immaterial.

Note 4 - DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

Entities that receive federal awards for which an indirect cost rate has never been negotiated may elect to charge a de minimis indirect cost rate of ten percent of modified total direct costs. The County did not elect to charge the de minimis rate to any of its federal awards during the year ended September 30, 2024.



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MICHAEL D. EDGIN, CPA DAVID L. PARKMAN, CPA A. PAUL FLEMING, CPA JOSHUA R. HARMAN, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Montague County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montague County, Texas (County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the modified cash basis financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the modified cash basis financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's modified cash basis financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's modified cash basis financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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EDGIN, PARKMAN, FLEMING & FLEMING, PC

Wichita Falls, Texas March 10, 2025

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

An unmodified opinion was issued on the modified cash basis financial statements.

The audit disclosed no material weaknesses relating to the audit of the modified cash basis financial statements in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards.

The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are material to the financial statements.

The audit disclosed no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award program in the Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance for the major program.

The audit disclosed no noncompliance findings that are required to be reported in this schedule under the Uniform Guidance.

Major program is as follows:

Federal:

21.027 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal programs was \$750,000.

The County was not classified as a low-risk auditee in the context of the Uniform Guidance.

B. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

There were no findings in the current year.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

There were no findings in the current year.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

There were no findings in the current year.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Finding 2023-001 - Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Current Status: In the prior year audit, material misstatements were identified requiring material audit adjustments to the County's financial statements. During the current year audit, no material misstatements were identified.





CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1401 HOLLIDAY ST., SUITE 216 - P.O. BOX 750 WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS 76307-0750 Ph. (940) 766-5550 - FAX (940) 766-5778

MICHAEL D. EDGIN, CPA DAVID L. PARKMAN, CPA A. PAUL FLEMING, CPA JOSHUA R. HARMAN, CPA

March 10, 2025

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Montague County, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Montague County, Texas (County) for the year ended September 30, 2024. Professional standards require that we provide you with our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated April 30, 2024. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the County are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the County's financial statements are management's estimate of useful lives of capital assets for depreciation purposes that is based on known facts and circumstances as well as historical information and management's estimate of the subscription-based information technology arrangement assets and liabilities are based on the County's estimated incremental borrowing rate. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

- Note A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies,
- Note E Capital Assets, and
- Note G Long-Term Debt

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Page Two

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements, except for those that were deemed immaterial listed in the attached Schedule of Uncorrected Misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 10, 2025.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with the modified cash basis of accounting, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Page Three

Concluding Comments

This information is intended solely for the use of the County Judge and County Commissioners and other members of management of the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Edgin, Produce, Floring; Floring, Pc

EDGIN, PARKMAN, FLEMING & FLEMING, PC Certified Public Accountants

Montague County, Texas Schedule of Uncorrected Misstatements September 30, 2024

	Effect of Audit Entries - Increase (Decrease)									
D			Beginning	_		-				
Description	Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Revenues	Expenditures	Other				
General Fund										
To record RTU issuance	-	-	-	-	25,030	25,030				
Total General Fund	-		-	_	25,030	25,030				
Fiscal Recovery Fund										
None	•	-	-	-	•	•				
Total Fiscal Recovery Fund	•	-		•	-					
Nonmajor Funds										
PY - to reverse backdated deposits	•	-	22,010	22,010	-	•				
CY - to reverse backdated deposits	(17,918)	•	-	(17,918)	-	•				
Total Nonmajor Funds	(17,918)	-	22,010	4.092		-				
Government-Wide Only										
To record right-to-use assets and liabilities	29,613	29,613		-	(25,030)	(25,030)				
Total Government-Wide	11,695	29,613	22,010	4.092	-	-				